emanates greatness," "one who has death in his pouch," and "one who never dies" (Kuti changed his middle name from the Anglo-Saxon Ransome). By the mid-'80s, Kuti had released dozens of records, faced numerous arrests for speaking out against governmental corruption, and married his female backing singers. Concerning his childhood, Kuti notes that his father was a pastor and that English was the family language. Later, Kuti studied in England and lived in America, where black leaders such as Malcolm X raised his consciousness, after which he returned to Lagos to pursue his music career—choosing to sing in English, so that everyone could understand him. Along with interviews, Marks incorporates clips from Fela's 1984 appearance at Glastonbury. The companion piece, Berliner Jazztage '78, serves up a vintage set broadcast on German and Nigerian television, which begins with Quincy Joppes' introduction of the gold-suited Africa 70 ensemble (including drummer/band leader Tony Allen), followed by Kuti's emergence in a boldly-printed pantsuit to say a few words before launching into the jazz-funk number "V.I.P.," his term for "vagabonds in power." As Kuti alternates on organ and saxophone, six purple-clad ladies arrive to dance and respond to his calls. In the third track, "Pansa Pansa," Kuti encourages the audience to join in. He rounds out the night with "Power Show" and "Cross Examination of the African Colonial Soldier." Even though Kuti is in a talkative mood throughout, the performances make it all worthwhile. Recommended. (K. Fennessy)

Gregg Allman: I'm No Angel—Live on Stage ***

(2012) 52 min. DVD: \$16.95. Music Video Distributors (avail. from most distributors).

Opening for Stevie Ray Vaughan at Nashville's Can-

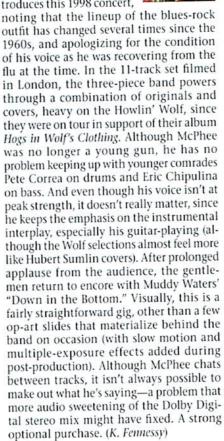
nery in 1988, Gregg Allman's style here doesn't differ much from that of his famed band, the Allman Brothers, although jazz and fusion play a more prominent role through the combination of organ (Allman), piano (Tim Heding), and two percussionists (David Toler and Chaz Trippy, who manages a quartet of congas). Once Allman starts to sing, however-with his nicotine-stained growl-Southern soul and Chicago blues enter the picture (and never leave). While possessing one of the most distinctive voices in rock and roll, Allman had lost some clarity by the 1980s and his mumbling renders many of the lyrics indistinguishable, while still always managing to put the requisite emotion across. No one can replace Allman's late brother, Duane, who died in 1971, but Allman Brothers' guitarist Dan Toler still serves up plenty of fluid solos. The hour-shy 10-song set combines solo tracks and classic Allman covers, including Blind Willie McTell's "Statesboro Blues" and

"One Way Out," the latter credited to both Elmore James and Sonny Boy Williamson II. The performances are solid, even if Allman's solo material-mostly from 1988's Just Before the Bullets Fly-isn't especially memorable, with the exception of 1986's "I'm No Angel," the title track of his third studio recording, and an apt summation of Allman's turbulent life. The mullet hairstyles, shiny dusters, and rolled-sleeve blazers scream '80s, but some of the music is timeless. Recommended. (K. Fennessy)

The Groundhogs: Live at the Astoria ★★1/2

(1998) 81 min. DVD: \$11.98. Eagle Rock Entertainment (avail. from most distributors).

In a taped segment, founder Tony McPhee introduces this 1998 concert,

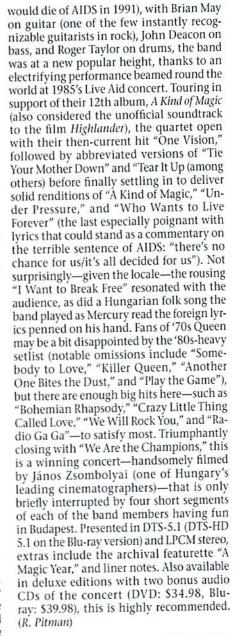


Hungarian Rhapsody: Queen—Live in Budapest ★★★1/2

(1986) 118 min. DVD: \$14.98, Blu-ray: \$19.98. Eagle Rock Entertainment (avail. from most

Arena rock superstars

Queen take their act behind the Iron Curtain for this 22-song 1986 concert before an audience of 80,000 in Budapest. Fronted by flamboyant lead singer Freddie Mercury (on his last tour with the group; Mercury



I Puritani ★★★

(2009) 173 min. In Italian w/ English subtitles. DVD or Bluray: \$29.99. Opus Arte (dist. by Naxos of America).

The last work by Vincenzo Bellini (1801–1835), I Puritani-set after the

English civil war of the 1640s—suffers from a weak libretto that draws on the political turmoil merely as the basis for a standardissue bel canto romance (complete with obligatory mad scene). But the music is both beautiful and historically important, serving as a bridge between Rossini and Verdi in Italian opera. In this 2009 production from De Nederlandse Opera, conductor Giuliano Carella brings out the passion and color of the orchestral writing, and he has restored from the original 1835 Paris

